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## University Institute of Engineering & Technology

(Recognised Under Section 2(f) and 12B of UGC)

Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra

Roll No. -

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THEORY EXAMINATION - DECEMBER 2017

B.TECH - ECE

SEMESTER - III

TIME - 3 Hrs.

M.M. - 75

COURSE NO. - ECE-205

COURSE TITLE - NETWORK ANALYSIS & SYNTHESIS

Note: All questions in Part-A and Part-B are compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Part-C selecting at least one from each unit.

## PART-A (15 Marks)

Q.No.-1. Answer the following questions carrying one mark each.

15

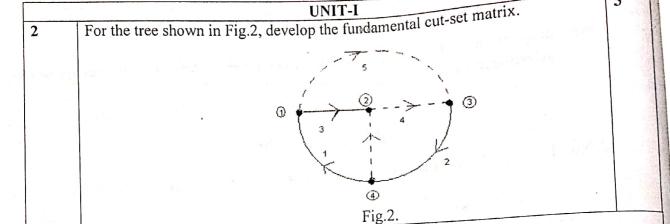
(i).	What is incidence matrix?
(ii).	Define the concept of network analysis.
(iii).	In the circuit of Fig.1., draw the Laplace equivalent circuit.
18 22	$i_1(t)$ $i_2(t)$ $\vdots$ $i_2(t)$
(iv).	Fig.1.  Define the transient response of a circuit.  Define poles and zeros of a function.
(v).	and it she difference between driving point function and transfer function.
(vi).	Ti + Count different narameters of two port networks.
(vii).	Write the condition of symmetry of a network in terms of n-parameters.
	Show [Y] parameters in terms of [Z] parameters.
(ix).	What are the specifications of m-derived Filters?
(xi).	A constant k high pass pi section has a characteristic impedance of 300 $\Omega$ at $f = \infty$ . At $f = fc$ , the characteristic impedance will be
(xii).	An m derived low pass filter has fc = 1000 Hz and m = 0.4. This filter will have infinite attenuation at $f_{\infty}$ =Hz.
(xiii)	Discuss the demerits of constant-k filters?

(2)

(xiv). Define positive real functions.

(xv). Differentiate Foster Form and Cauer Form.

## PART B (20 Marks)



3 For the circuit shown in Fig.3, find impulse response of the current i(t) using Laplace Transform.

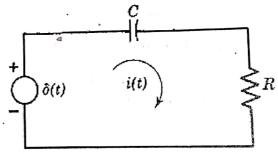


Fig.3

UNIT-III

Determine the [Z] parameters of a two-port network whose Y parameters are

$$[Y] = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 4 \\ 4 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \Omega$$

**UNIT-IV** 

5 Define and explain positive real functions with its various properties.

## PART-C (40 Marks)

6	Derive and explain the Step Response of parallel RLC circuit.	1
7	For the circuit shown in Fig 4 find: (a) parallel RLC circuit.	10
1	For the circuit shown in Fig.4, find $i_1(0+)$ , $i_2(0+)$ and $i_1(\infty)$ .	1
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