DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

T.B.C. : SDHY-U-ENG

CDS Exam. (ff) 2019

Test Booklet Scries

Serial No.

1158498

TEST BOOKLET



ENGLISH

Time Allowed : Two Hours

C. 25 1 100

Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. Please note that it is the caudidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet Hable for rejection.
- You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
 - ____
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
- AR items carry equal marks.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination
 has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted
 to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
- 10. Penalty for wrong answers :

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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SPELLING

Directions: In this section, a word is spelled in four different ways. You are to identify the one which is correct. Choose the alternative bearing the correct spelling from (a), (b), (c) and (d).

1.	(a)	Accommodate	(b)	Acomodate
	(c)	Accomdate	(d)	Acomodeit
2.	(a)	Recommand	(b)	Reccommend
	(c)	Recommend	(d)	Reccomand
3,	(a)	Argyument	(b)	Argument
	(c)	Arguement	(d)	Argyooment
4.	(a)	Decisive	(b)	Deslane
	(c)	Descraive	(d)	Dealcive
5.	(a)	Aggressive	<i>(b)</i>	Agresive
	(c)	Agressive	(d)	Aggresive
6.	(a)	Assessination	(b)	Asassmation
	(c)	Asasination	(d)	Assasination
7.	(a)	Embarassment	њ	Embbarasment
	(c)	Embrasement	(d)	Embarrassment

IDIOMS/PHRASES

Directions: Given below are some idioms/phrases followed by four alternative meanings to each. Choose the response [a], [b], [c] or [d] which is the most appropriate meaning.

8. Dirt cheap

(a) Extremely cheap

(b) Extremely costly

(c) Very cheap person

(d) Very cheap item

9. A shrinking violet

(α) A lean person

(b) A shy person

(c) A happy person

(d) A sad person

10. Gordian knot

(a) Undoable job

(b) A difficult problem

(c) A different problem

(d) Doable job

11. Fall in a heap

- (a) To be at the mercy of someone clac-
- (b) To be thinking about someone
- (c) To lose control of one's own feelings
- (d) To be in control of one's own feelings

12. Have a conniption fit

(a) To be very angry

(b) To be very happy

(c) To be very sad

(d) To be a jubilant person

13. Be in seventh heaven

(a) To be extremely happy

- (b) To be extremely upact
- (c) To be extremely adventurous
- (d) To be extremely silent

14.	Hand	nd in glove	
	(a)	f) Working separately (b) Working to	gether
	(c)	Working for someone (d) Not willing	to work
15.	Nip i	in the bud	
	(a)	Prevent a small problem before it becomes severe	
	(b)	Prevent the big problems	
	(c)	Make it severe	
	ΙdΙ	Beating the problem	
16.	Like	¢ a shag on a rock	
	(α)	Completely alone (b) Completely	idle
	(c)	Complete silence (d) Complete h	Арру
17.	A per	seart of wiedom	
	(0)	An important piece of news (b) An importer	nt person
	(c)		it piece of advice
		•	•
		CLOZE COMPREHENSION	
group	9 0[90	is: Each of the following passages in this section has some blank words given. Select whichever word or group of words you conside see and indicate your response on the Answer Sheel according	er most appropriate for the
		Comprehension—I	*
The fo	unde:	ters of the Indian Republic 18. (a) had the farsight	educes and the courage to
		(b) has	and the country to
		(c) has had	
		(d) were	
comm	it _	19. (a) them to two major innovations of h	istorical significance in
		(b) themselves	
		(c) the people	
		(d) the course	

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nation-building and social engineering : first, to 20.	(a) build a democratic and civil
	(b) building
	(c) constructing
	(d) built
21. (a) libertarian society among illiterate peop	ple and, accord, to undertake economic
(b) liberation	
(c) liberating	
(d) liberty	
development 22. (a) with a democratic t	political structure. Hitherto, in all
(b) within a	
(c) for the	
(d) without a	
societies in which an economic lakeoff or an	early industrial and agricultural
23. (a) breakthrough had occurred, effective de	
(b) breakout	
(c) breaking	
(d) investment	
people, had been extremely limited. On the other hand,	24. (a) with the beginning.
	(b) from
	(c) within
	(d) for
India was committed to 25. (a) few democratic	and ervil libertarian political order
(b) some	
<i>(c)</i> a	
(d) an	

and a representative system of government 26.	a/ basing on free and fair elections
4	b) beais of
4	n) based
ŧ	d) function
to be conducted on the busis of universal adult franchis	e .
Comprehension—	л
Boology, in a very simple term, is a science that	27. (a) studies the interdependent,
	(b) study
	(c) studying
	(d) exploring
mutually reactive and interconnected relationships	28. (a) among the organisms and
	(b) between
	(c) to
	(d) for
29. (a) their physical environment on the one	hand and among the organisms on the
(b) its	
(c) theirs	
(d) all	
other hand. 30. (a) Through the term 'ecolo	gy' was first coined and used by the
(b) In apite of	
(c) Though	
(d) Because	
Gennan biologist Ernst Haeckel in 1869, a few con-	ceptual terma 31. (a) are
	(b) were
	(c) have been
	(d) have

arcady proposed to reveal relationarilys 84.	, its America Constitution and dreif constitution
	(b) those
	(c) of
	(d) between
For example, French zoologist I. G. Hilaire used	the term 'nthology' 33. (a) for the
	(b) to
	(c) with
	(d) in
study of the relations of 34. (a) the	organisms within the family and society in the
(b) a	
(c) live	
(d) dead	
aggregate and in the community. British nat	turalist St. George Jackson Mivart proposed the relations 36. (a) for living creatures
	(b) of
	(c) within
	(d) in
	egards the nature of the locality they frequent, the of light which suit them, and their relations to
(b) focus	
(c) share	
(d) quality	
other organisms as enemies, rivals, or accident	tal and involuntary benefactors.

SYNONYMS

Directions: Each item in this section consists of a sentence with an underlined word followed by four words/groups of words. Select the option that is nearest in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on your Answer Sheet accordingly

37.	The	properties of the family have been impounde	ed by	the order of the court,
	(2)	Confiscated	<i>(b)</i>	Permitted
	(c)	Sold	(d)	Put on hold
38.	The	officer in charge of the operations has been	imp	agned for the excesses.
	(α)	Expelled	(b)	Rewarded
	(c)	Challenged	(d)	Given allowance
39.	Cogn	itivist and linguists believe that every child	is bo	orn with innate qualities.
	(a)	Biological	(b)	Intrinsic
	(c)	Extrinsic	(d)	Unnatural
40.	Jt we	s <u>obligatory</u> for the board to implement the	rule	-
	(a)	Compulsory	(b)	Unnecessary
	(c)	By chance	(d)	Problematic
41.	They	describe the act as a blatant betrayal of far	ith.	
	(a)	Loyal	<i>(b)</i>	Faithfulness
	(c)	Treachery	(d)	Honesty
42 .	Howe	ever, if it must decide, then it should do so	on t	he narrowest ground possible.
	(4)	Widest	(b)	Slightly
	(c)	Smallest	(d)	Thick
43.		ia <u>akin</u> to a contractual relationship that p data.	lanes	s obligations on the entities entrusted
	(a)	Removed	(b)	Narrow
	(c)	Similar	(d)	Unparallel

44 .		y communication curacies.	problems e	an be	attributed	directly	to	mieunderst	andings	and
	(a)	Disapproved			(b)	Unofficial	I			
	(c)	Ascribed			(d)	Tribute				
45.	46. The exemptions granted to State institutions for acquiring informed consent from processing personal data in many cases appear to be too blanket.									
	(a)	Obtain			(b)	Lose				
	(c)	Giving			(d)	Thinking				
46.	The	manner in which t	this exercise	has bee	n undertal	ken kave	a m,	uch to be g	lesired.	
	<i>(a)</i>	Disliked			(b)	Unlikely				
	(c)	Wish for			(d)	Asked for	r			
sente jumb	ences ded u	r: In this section, are given in the beg p and labelled as F and mark your re	ginning as S) P. Q. R and S	onsists (and S6. . You ar	of six sente The middle e required	nces of a four sen to find th	tenc e pr	es im each i	tem have	been
47.	\$1	: The master always	ays says, "Re	fuse to	be miseral	ole".				
		; This is the art								
	P	: Before you fall i	into self-pity feel responsi	and bla ible.	me games,	remembe	r th	at re spo nsii	bility con	nes to
	Q	. Challenges are opportunities, t	faced by th	e stron		rageous,	and	if life bri	ngs you	such
	R	: Life can be pair	nful, but it n	ecd not	be sorrow	ыL				
	\$: If you want to	be happy, fin	id occas	ions to be	cheerful.				
	Th	e correct sequence	should be							
	(a)	RSPQ			(b)	SQPR				
	(0)	QRSP			(d)	RQSP				

48. S1: Gandhiji reached Newcastle and took charge of the agitation.

S6: The treatment that was meted out to these brave men and women in jail included starvation and whipping, and being forced to work in the mines by mounted military police.

P : During the course of the march, Gandhiji was arrested twice, released, arrested a third time and sent to jail.

Q: The employers retaliated by cutting off water and electricity to the workers' quarters, thus forcing them to leave their homes.

R: Gandhiji decided to march this army of over two thousand men, women and children over the border and thus see them lodged in Transvaal jails.

S : The morale of the workers, however, was very high and they continued to march till they were prosecuted and sent to jail.

The correct sequence should be

(a) QRPS

(b) SRQP

(c) QP8R

(d) RQSP

49. S1: One of the most important forces in the modern world, socialism was a direct result of the Industrial Revolution.

S6: This is how socialism as a theory and practice came into being.

P : Socialism was a direct challenge to capitalism and sought to put an end to such an exploitative economic structure.

Q : The gulf between the haves' and the have nots' continued to increase and out of this gap between the rich and poor aprang disputes.

R : It generated new wealth but as this new wealth only went to a minority, it could not solve the question of distribution.

S : The Industrial Revolution solved the question of production.

The correct sequence should be

(a) PQRS

(b) SRQP

(c) SRPQ

(d) RQSP

50. S1: Institutions define and play a regulatory role with regard to human behaviour. S6: It shows how important it is for a nation to build institutions for nurturing democracy. P : Once established, institutions set a dynamic relationship with the members constituting them and they mutually affect each other. Q : They shape preferences, power and privilege. R : At the same time, institutions themselves can be transformed by the politics they produce and such transformation can affect social norms and behaviours. 9 : They also provide a sense of order and predictability. The correct sequence should be (b) QRSP (a) RPQS (d) QSRP (c) PSRQ S1: Idioms are a colourful and feacineting aspect of language. So: Idioms may also suggest a particular attitude of the person using them, for example, disapproval, humour, exasperation or admiration, so you must use them carefully. P : Your language skills will increase rapidly if you can understand idioms and use them confidently and correctly. Q : They are commonly used in all types of language, informal and formal, spoken and written. R : In addition, idioms often have a stronger meaning than non-idiomatic phrases. S : One of the main problems students have with idioms is that it is often impossible to guess the meaning of an idiom from the words it contains. The correct acquence should be

(d) SRQP (d) QPSR

(ы RSPQ

52. S1: Each organism is adapted to its environment.

S6: What can be taken in and broken down depends on the body design and functioning.

P : There is a range of strategies by which the food is taken in and used by the organism.

Q - For example, whether the food source is stationary (such as gress) or mobile (such as deer), would allow for differences in how the food is accessed and what is nutritive apparatus used by a cow or a lion.

R : The form of nutrition differs depending on the type and availability of food material as well as how it is obtained by an organism.

S : Some organisms break down the food material outside the body and then absorb it and others take in the whole material and break it down inside their bodies.

The correct sequence should be

(a) RQPS

(b) QPSR

(c) SQPR

(d) QPRS

53. S1: "When I was alive and had a human heart," answered the statue, "I did not know what tears were, for I lived in the Palace of Sana-Souci where sorrow is not allowed to enter.

S6: And now that I am dead they have set me up here so high that I can see all the uglineos and all the misery of my city, and though my heart is made of lead yet I cannot choose but weep."

P : So I fived, and so I died.

Q Round the garden ran a very lofty wall, but I never cared to ask what lay beyond it, everything about me was so beautiful.

R : My courtiers called me the Happy Prince, and happy indeed I was, if pleasure be happiness.

S : In the daytime I played with my companions in the garden, and in the evening I led the dance in the Great Hall.

The correct sequence should be

(a) OSRP

(b) PQRS

(c) PROS

(d) RPOS

54.	S1:	One day her mother, having made some cakes, said to her, "Go, my dear, and see how your grandmother is doing, for I hear she has been very ill. Take her a cake, and this little pot of butter"
	86 :	"Does she live far off?" said the wolf.
	P :	He asked her where she was going.
	Q :	The poor child, who did not know that it was dangerous to stay and talk to a wolf, said to him, "I am going to see my grandmother and carry her a cake and a little pot of butter from my mother."
	R ·	As she was going through the wood, she met with a wolf, who had a very great mind to

eat her up, but he dared not, because of some woodcutters working nearby in the forest.

S : She set out immediately to go to her grandmother, who lived in another village.

The correct sequence should be

tal PROS (b) SRPO (d) RPOS (c) PRSQ

S1: I had spent many nights in the jungle looking for game, but this was the first time I had 55. ever spent a night looking for a man-cater.

S6: It was in this position my men an hour later found me fast asleep; of the tiger I had neither heard nor seen anything.

P : I historily regretted the impulse that had induced me to place myself at the man-eater's

Q : The length of road immediately in front of me was brilliantly lit by the moon, but to right and left the overhanging trees cast dark shadows, and when the night wind agitated the branches and the shadows moved, I saw a dozen tigers advancing on me.

R : As the grey dawn was lighting up the anowy range which I was facing, I rested my head. on my drawn-up knees.

S : I lacked the courage to return to the village and admit I was too frightened to carry out my self-imposed task, and with teeth chattering, as much from fear as from cold, I sat out the long night.

The correct sequence should be

(a) QPSR (b) SRPQ (d) RPQS (c) PRSQ

PART OF SPEECH

Directions: Given below are a few sentences, identify the part of speech of the underlined words. Choose the response (a), (b), (c) or (d) which is the most appropriate expression.

56.	Rita	eats her dinner quickly.		
	(a)	Verb	(6)	Preposition
	(c)	Adjective	(d)	Adverb
67.	He t	hought the movie ended abruptly.		
	(α)	Noun	<i>(b)</i>	Adverb
	(c)	Verb	(d)	Adjective
58.	l wil	I meet you in the third week of August.		
	(a)	Pronoun	(b)	Verb
	(c)	Preposition	(d)	Noun
69.	Jaan	nines and roses are my favourite flowers.		
	(a)	Verb	<i>(b)</i>	Preposition
	(c)	Conjunction	ſďį	Interjection
60.	She	truthfully answered the detective's questions	٠.	
	(a)	Verb	<i>[b]</i>	Adjective
	(c)	Noun	(d)	Adverb
61.	Hun	ah We won the game!		
	(a)	Interjection	<i>(b)</i>	Conjunction
	(c)	Noun	(d)	Ргопоил
62.	The	son writes meaningless letters to his father.		
	(a)	Adverb	<i>(b)</i>	Verb
	fet	Pronoun	(d)	Adjective

63.	The :	secretary himself visited the affected families	ı.	
	(a)	Verb	<i>(b)</i>	Noun
	(0)	Adverb	(d)	Pronoun
64.	The	children were walking through the forest.		
	(a)	Verb	(b)	Adverb
	(c)	Adjective	(d)	Preposition
65.	The	Presiding Officer walked slowly to the dais.		
	<i>(a)</i>	Adverb	(b)	Adjective
	(c)	Verb	(d)	Noun
by fo	ur we	ANTONYM : Each item in this section consists of a sords/group of words. Select the option that mark your response on your Answer Sheet a	ente is o	pposite in meaning to the underline
		ity lies in the eyes of the beholder.		
	(a)	Allure	<i>(b)</i>	Charm
	(c)	Inelegance	(d)	Ideal
67.	Read	ing details about suidde cases can push <u>v</u>	ilner	able people taking the extreme step.
	(α)	Imperious	(b)	Impervious
	(c)	Helpicss	(d)	Defenseless
68.	Star	nding before a judge in a courtroom can be	daur	nting for anyone.
	(a)	Uncomfortable	(b)	Encouraging
	(c)	Demoralizing	(d)	Off-putting

O¥.	ME I	is been lacing a kind of intimidation by his	irie	nds for last two years.
	(a)	Wiles	<i>(b)</i>	Conviction
	(c)	Persuasion	(d)	Support
70.	Ther	e are many factors that constrain the philos	օրեյ	of job enrichment in practice.
	(a)	Oblige	(b)	Pressure
	(0)	Restrict	(d)	Support
71.	Реор	le look for <u>plausible</u> remedies to the problem	18 W	high they do not know.
	(a)	Acceptable	(b)	Unthinkable
	(c)	Solvable	(d)	Believable
72.	The	departing speech of the Chairperson ended	with	a <u>plaintive</u> note.
	(a)	Melanchotic	(b)	Gleeful
	(c)	Doleful	(d)	Adventurous
73.		nembers have taken a unanimous decision to amittee on problems relating to maintenance		ord some of the rulings of the Managing
	(a)	Accord	(b)	Diasension
	(c)	Dispute	(d)	Friction
74.		insolent nature of the speaker had provoked demonium.	the	members of the house and this led to
	(a)	Respectful	(b)	Autocratic
	(c)	Impudent	(d)	Thought provoking
75.	Inces	sant rains have resulted in failure of crops	duri	ng this season.
	(a)	Sporadic	(b)	Persistent
	(c)	Continual	(d)	Ceaseless

ORDERING OF WORDS IN A SENTENCE

Directions: Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence, the parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled as P. Q. R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are required to restrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

76.	the o	ompany are often aakee	the forma	ll or informal intervieu	ve emp	DIDACES MUO FILE TOTATION
		P		Q		R
	for th	neir opinions during S				
	Įаļ	RPSQ				
	(b)	RQPS				
	(c)	PSQR				
	(d)	PQSR				
77.	a ha	ilstorm activity in the	evenings t	here is a possibility Q	of wh	ile there could be R
	heav	y rain towards the we	ekend			
	fal	SQPR				
	(b)	QSRP				
	(c)	QRPS				
		SPRQ				
78	, has	been below normal sin	ee last week	the minimum temps Q	erature	in some part of the city
	whe	n rain and hailstorm	activity reco	orded		
	(a)	RSPQ				
	(b)					
	(c)					
	(d)	PSQR				

79. <u>for g</u> r	uest teachers	in the department of B	iotechnology was also i	held
	Р	Q	R	
a Sel	ection Committ	ce meeting		
	S			
(a)	SPRQ			
<i>(b)</i>	QRSP			
(c)	PRQS			
(d)	RSPQ			
RO for so	mtmastuni ee			
ao. ior co	worker uses	nment at Cultural Cent	ires abroad	
as Te	acher of Indian	Culture for two years	applications are invited	in a prescribed format
from	Indian National			n .
110111	S S	• for deployment		
(a)	QPRS			
<i>(b)</i>	SRPQ			
(c)	PQRS			
(d)	RSQP			
B1. while	they are small P	and do the great thin	gs <u>while they are easy</u> R	do the difficult things
(ct) :	SRQP			
<i>(b)</i> 1	PSQR			
(c) :	SRPQ			
(a) (QPSR			
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82.	then	you sure	if you can't	don't deserve me at my best	handle me at my worst
		P	Q	R	9
	(a)	PRQS			
	(b)	QSPR			
	(c)	RQSP			
	(d)	PSRQ			
8 3.		will be mo P ty years fa		ed than by the ones you did Q	do by the things you didn't do R
	(a)	PRSQ			
	(b)	PRQS			
	(c)	PQSR			
	(d)	SPRQ			
84.	_	P	ho can lay a	firm foundation with the brice Q	ks <u>a successful</u> R
	<i>(α)</i>	PQSR			
	(b)	RQSP			
	(c)	RPQS			
	(d)	QSPR			
on L	F7 F1 I	rno isar		19	[P.T.O.

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00.	WIE	P	DE DUTW	Q Know not	We Know R	what we are		
	(a)	RSQP		•		_		
	(6)	QPRS						
	(c)	ORPS						
	(d)	RQPS						
	` '							
86,	<u>íor t</u>	ne ordinar P	y <u>not wil</u>		the unusus	if you are	you will ha	
	(0.3			Q		R	1	\$
	(a)	PRQS						
	(b)	SPQR						
	(c)	rosp						
	(d)	Q\$RP						
87.	<u>88 m</u>	ere steppi	ng stones	his major		ts for the ne	at advance	he regarded
		P			Q		R	8
	fal	SPQR						
	(b)	SQPR						
	(c)	\$PRQ						
	(d)	RPQS						
88.	have	a greet in	disease s	and then also	b			
		P	<u> </u>	шку ви	Q Q	r personality	on our adu R	alt lives
	event	s in our c	hildheed					
	(a)	SPRQ						
	<i>(b)</i>	\$QRP						
	(c)	S k QP						
	(d)	PORS						

SPOTTING ERRORS

Directions: Each item in this section has a sentence which has multiple parts. Find out the error/no error and indicate your response from the options (a), (b), (c) and (d) on the Answer Sheet.

- 89. Experience has shown that the change-over from a closed economy to a mercantile economy has presented in human society innumerable problems.
 - (a) Experience has shown that
 - (b) the change-over from a closed economy
 - (c) to a mercantile economy has presented
 - (d) in human society innumerable problems
- 90. A closed economy is identified as a human community which produces all it consumes and consumed all it produces.
 - (a) A closed economy is identified
 - (b) as a human community
 - (c) which produces all it consumes
 - (d) and consumed all it produces
- 91. Iron is the most useful against all metals.
 - (a) Iron is
 - (b) the most useful
 - (c) against all metals
 - (d) No error
- 92. Mumbai is largest cotton centre in the country.
 - (a) Mumbai is
 - (b) largest cotton centre
 - (c) in the country
 - (d) No error

- 93. While every care have been taken in preparing the results, the company reserves the right to correct any inadvertent errors at a later stage.
 - (a) While every care have been taken.
 - (b) in preparing the results,
 - (c) the company reserves the right to correct
 - (d) any inadvertent errors at a later stage
- 94. My sister and me are planning a trip from Jaipur to Delhi.
 - (a) My sister and me are
 - (b) planning a trip
 - (c) from Jaipur to Delhi
 - (d) No error
- 95. Despite the thrill of winning the lottery last week, my neighbour still seems happy.
 - (a) Despite the thrill of winning
 - (b) the lottery last week,
 - (c) my neighbour
 - (d) still seems happy
- 96. Children are not allowed to use the swimming pool unless they are with an adult.
 - (a) Children are not allowed
 - (b) to use the swimming pool
 - (c) unless they are with an adult.
 - (d) No error
- 97. Her knowledge of Indian languages are far beyond the common.
 - (a) Her knowledge
 - (b) of Indian languages
 - (c) are far beyond the common
 - idi. No error
- 98. The care, as well as the love of a father, were missing in her life.
 - (a) The care, as well as the love
 - (b) of a father,
 - (c) were missing in her life
 - (d) No error

99.	You	look as if you have ran all the way home.
	(0)	You look as if
	(b)	you have ran
	(c)	all the way home
	(d)	No error
	<i>a</i>	eal voyage of discovery consist not in seeking new landscapes, but in having new eyes.
100.		
	(a)	The real voyage of discovery
	(b)	consist not in accking new landacapes,
	(c)	but in having new cycs
	(d)	No еггот
101,	No s	truggle can ever succeeded without women participating side by side with men.
	(a)	No struggle can ever succeeded
	(b)	without women participating
	(c)	side by side with men
	(d)	No error
102.	Educ	cation is the passport to the future, for tomorrow belong to those who prepare for it today.
	(a)	Education is the passport to the future,
	(b)	for tomorrow belong to those
	(c)	who prepare for it today
	(d)	No error
103.	Ther	e come a time when you have to choose between turning the page and closing the book.
	(a)	There come a time
	(b)	when you have to choose
	(c)	between turning the page
	(d)	and closing the book

COMPREHENSION

Directions: In this section, you have few short passages. After each passage, you will find some items based on the passage. First, read a passage and answer the items based on it. You are required to select your answers based on the contents of the passage and opinion of the author only.

Passage ...]

Mankind's experience of various evolutionary changes from primitive times to the present day has been extensive and varied. However, man's problems were never before as complicated as they seem to be today. Man's economic activity centres primarily around production. Labour is said to be the primary factor of production; its role, therefore, has been given a lot of importance. It should be useful to have an overall view of the economic history of man—from the nomadic times to the modern factory system—and study its relevance to the various labour problems of today.

Initially, man passed through 'the hunting and fishing stage'. During this period, his basic needs were adequately met by Nature. Wild animals, birds and fruits satisfied his hunger, and his thirst was quenched by the waters of springs and rivers. Caves gave him shelter and barks of trees were used as clothing. During this stage of man's progress, labour problems did not exist because of the absence of any economic, political and social systems.

Then came 'the pastoral stage', which was marked by a certain amount of conomic activity. The nomadic and migratory nature of man persisted, and, together with his goats and cattle, he moved on to fresh pastures and meadows. Some conflicts would sometimes take place among herd-owners, for, during this period, the institution of nominal private property ownership was not known.

This stage paves the way for 'the agricultural stage', during which the class system began to develop. There was a small artisan class mostly self-employed; and there were also landed proprietors or Zamindars as well as slaves. Thus, arose the feudal system. During the fourth stage of these developments, 'the handicrafts stage', a number of social and economic changes took place which marked the beginning of the labour problem in the world. The self-sufficient economy of the village underwent a drastic change. The community of traders and merchants emerged.

104. Humanity's evolution from primitive stage to the present has been

- (a) static and smooth
- (b) huge and diversified
- (c) always violent
- (d) always peaceful.

- 105, ... "man's problems were never before as complicated as they seem to be today" means
 - (a) the present times are the best times of humanity
 - (b) the present times are the crucial period for humanity
 - (c) the present times pose much more challenges to humans than the previous times
 - (d) the present times provide much more facilities than the previous times
- 206. Why does the author say that labour problems did not exist during the hunting and fishing stage?
 - (a) There was no nation existing at that time
 - (b) There were no economic, political and social systems
 - (c) There was no capitalism and market
 - (d) There was no labour law
- 107. "The pastoral stage was marked by a certain amount of economic activity." How?
 - (a) Humans started migrating and held goat-herds
 - (b) Humans started owning land
 - (c) Conflicte started as humans owned goats
 - (d) Humans started doing agriculture
- 108. Which word in the passage means 'surfaced'?
 - (a) Quenched

(b) Emerged

(c) Nomadic

(d) Adequately

Persage-II

Ever since independence, land reforms have been a major instrument of State policy to promote both equity and agricultural investment. Unfortunately, progress on land reforms has been slow, reflecting the resilience of structures of power that gave rise to the problem in the first place.

The main instrument for realizing more equitable distribution of land is the land ceiling laws. These laws were enacted by several States during the late 1950s and 1960s, and the early 1970s saw more stringent amendments in the laws to plug loopholes in the earlier laws. But the record of implementation has not been satisfactory. Around 3 million hectares of land has been declared surplus so far, which is hardly 2 percent of net sown area in India. About 30 percent of this land has not yet been distributed as it is caught up in the litigations. Besides, a number of Benami and clandestine transactions have resulted in illegal possession of significant amounts of land above

oeiling limits. There are widespread reports of allotment of inferior, unproductive, barren and wasteland to landless household, many of whom have been forced to sell it off, in the absence of resources to make it productive. In many instances, lands allotted to the rural poor under the ceiling laws are not in their possession. In some cases, *Panas* were issued to the beneficiaries, but possession of land shown in the *Panas* was not given, or corresponding changes were not made in the records of right.

The balance of power in rural India is so heavily weighed against the landless and the poor that implementing land ceiling laws is difficult. It is clear that without massive mobilization of the rural poor and depending on democratic governance in rural India, very little can be achieved in this direction.

Although half of India's population continues to depend on agriculture as its primary source of livelihood, 83 percent of farmers operate holdings of less than 2 hectares in size, and the average holding size is only 1.23 hectares. This is often in fragments and unirrigated. There are also those who are entirely landless, although agriculture is their main source of livehhood. They have inadequate financial resources to purchase and often depend on lessing in small plots, on insecure terms, for short periods, sometimes only for one season. Hence, many face insecurity of tenure and the growing threat of land alienation and pressure from urbanization, industrialization and powerful interest.

109. Why does the land reform prove to be slow?

- (a) Because of the disparity in power structure
- (b) Because of the power of the government
- (c) Because States have different laws
- (d) Because of the scarcity of land in the country

110. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1. Land ceiling laws have proved to be unsatisfactory.
- The democratic structure of the government cannot provide solution to the problem of land reforms.
- The owners of land have abundant natural resources.
- Identified land for distribution has not been distributed due to court cases against it.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 and 4

(b) I only

(c) 3 and 4

(d) 2 and 4

- 111. One of the reasons of selling off the lands by the allottees is that the lands were
 - (a) unproductive and barren

(b) salty, not getting water

(c) fertile, but uncultivable

(d) with the powerful people

- 112. Which word/group of words in the pessage means 'lawsuit'?
 - (a) Amendments

(b) Litigations

(c) Hiegal possession

(d) Fragments

113. According to the author, what is the primary source of livelihood of majority of India's population?

(a) Industry

(b) Forest

(c) Agriculture

(d) None

- 114. *There are also those who are entirely landless, although agriculture is their main source of jivelihood* means
 - (a) they do not have money to buy lands
 - (b) they have sold off their lands to others
 - (c) most of them are agriculture labourers
 - (d) they are migrant labourers from other places

Passage—III

Despite downsizings, workers' overall job satisfaction actually improved between 1988 and 1994. Some reasons given were improved work flow, better cooperation between departments, and increased fairness in supervision. Many firms today rely on attitude surveys to monitor how employees feel about working in their firms.

The use of employee attitude surveys had grown since 1944 when the National Industrial Conference Board "had difficulty finding fifty companies that had conducted opinion surveys". Today, most companies are aware of the need for employees' anonymity, the impact of both the design of the questions and their sequence, the importance of effective communication, including knowing the purpose of the survey before it is taken and getting feedback to the employees after it is completed. Computerization of surveys can provide anonymity, if there is no audit trail to the user, especially for short answers that are entered rather than written or typed on an identifiable machine.

Survey software packages are available that generate questions for a number of standard topics and can be customized by modifying existing questions or by adding questions. If the survey is computerized, reports can be generated with ease to provide analysis, and breakdowns according to various demographics. You may be interested in responses by age, sex, job categories, departments, division, functions or geography.

The survey can be conducted by placing microcomputers in several locations convenient for employees' use. Employees are advised where the computers will be, for how long, and when the data will be collected (for instance, daily at 5:00 p.m. for three weeks). The screens should not be viewable

to supervisors or passers-by. While there may be some risk that employees will take the survey more than once, there are comparable risks with other methods too.

Managers may be interested in knowing how they are perceived by their peers and subordinates. Packages are available that can be customized, which allow the manager to complete a self-assessment tool used to compare self-perceptions to the anonymous opinions of others. This comparison may assist in the development of a more effective manager.

- 115. Which one of the following is not the reason for improved job satisfaction of employees?
 - (a) Improved work flow
 - (b) Better cooperation between departments
 - (c) Supervisors' fairness
 - (d) Increased remuneration.
- 116. Companies feel that it is necessary to
 - (a) maintain anonymity of the employees and to have effective design and sequence of questions and effective communication
 - (b) maintain the fairness of the managers to be part of the aurvey
 - (c) conduct surveys from their employees
 - (d) maintain anonymity of the employees and not to have effective design and sequence of questions and effective communication
- 217. One major benefit of using survey software packages is
 - (a) reports can be generated easily
 - (b) privacy of a person is exposed to the supervisors
 - (c) employees would like to take up the test on computer
 - (d) employer can get to know the information immediately
- 118. Which word in the passage means 'tendency'?
 - (a) Trend

(b) Breakdowna

(c) Convenient

(d) Perceptions

- 119. "The screens should not be viewable to supervisors or passers-by." Why?
 - (a) To maintain the secrecy of a person
 - (b) The main problem is to enable everyone to participate
 - (c) The manager has to be fair enough
 - (d) To maintain the problems faced by women in job market
- 120. What does the word 'customized' mean here?
 - (a) Adapted

(b) Take as it is

(c) Fixed

(d) Mass produced

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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